

Madras student workers staged their second strike in less than a week. Friday, shutting down seven of the capital's 10 lines and forcing about 750,000 commuters to find other ways to get to work (UPI).

A nuclear plant in Fort Clinton, Ohio, automatically shut Friday after a steam relief valve stuck closed for 10 minutes. The reactor had been released and the reactor was being cooled down at the Davis-Besse plant, about 30 miles (48 kilometers) east of Toledo, (AP).

Police shot to death five Sikhs in Punjab on Friday as Prime Minister Indira Gandhi strongly defended government efforts to end communal violence, the Press Trust of India said. (Reuters).

For the Record

Customs officials in New York said Thursday they had arrested two businessmen and seized 500 rifles, 100,000 rounds of ammunition and paramilitary police equipment that were to have been shipped illegally to the Polish government. (NYT)

A guard at Hill Air Force Base in Utah, Sergeant Kenneth D. Fry, 26, who authorities thought might have been murdered by spies, died of a self-inflicted gunshot wound, the state medical examiner has ruled. (AP)

A Danish research ship returned to port Friday after a futile five-week hunt for 80 drums of dioxin, a lethal compound used in insecticides and herbicides, that were lost by a freighter in a North Sea storm. (AP)

Mozambique's drought-stricken areas are to get emergency European Community aid worth about \$1.1 million, the European Commission said Friday in Brussels. (Reuters)

The Vatican announced a budget deficit of \$31.8 million for 1984 from its worldwide activities. (AP)

Seventy-three Afghan guerrillas were slain on Friday in fighting with government troops in Sarobi, near Kabul, and in the western province of Herat, the Afghan government claimed in a radio broadcast monitored in New Delhi. (AP)

Madrid subway workers staged their second strike in less than a week Friday, shutting down seven of the capital's 10 lines and forcing an estimated 760,000 commuters to find other ways to get to work. (UPI)

A nuclear plant in Port Clinton, Ohio, automatically shut Friday after a steam relief valve stuck open. Officials said no radiation had been released and the reactor was being cooled down at the Davis-Besse plant about 30 miles (48 kilometers) east of Toledo. (AP)

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AMERICAN TOPICS

Martin Luther King Joins Robert E. Lee

Virginia has decided to commemorate the Rev. Martin Luther King Jr. with a holiday — on the same day the state honors two of the Old South's heroes, Robert E. Lee and Thomas J. (Stonewall) Jackson.

"History does have its little ironies," smiled William P. Robinson Jr., a state legislator who worked for a bill that linked King, a black civil rights leader, to Lee and Jackson.



Robert E. Lee

Confederate generals who fought to retain slavery in the Civil War.

"It says a tremendous amount about the change in Virginia," said L. Douglas Wilder, a black state senator who led a nine-year effort to establish a holiday for King, who was assassinated in 1968.

Groups such as the Sons of Confederate Veterans and the Most Noble Order of the Sons of Lee had opposed the bill, arguing that it would dilute the importance of the Civil War heroes.

Opposition to a simultaneous state holiday melted last year after the U.S. Congress established a national holiday for King on the third Monday of January, the same day that Virginia honors Lee and Jackson.

Staff Told to Temper White House Politics

The White House staff is operating under special election-year rules intended to thicken the often fine line that separates public business from partisan politics.

Sherrie M. Cooksey, an associate White House counsel who helped devise the rules, said the administration was "thinking ahead so that nothing could arise that would embarrass this administration and this president."

White House aides are forbidden to give money to the president's campaign, use White House cars to go to the Reagan-Bush campaign office or even dispatch White House messengers with deliveries to the campaign headquarters.

They are not to make political calls through the White House switchboard, accept political contributions through the mail, call federal agencies to inquire about the status of government grants or contracts unless it is necessary, or provide the campaign committee with free pictures taken by the official White House photographers. Also, staffers may not work at the re-election office without prior approval of top officials, and only a handful of White House aides can even telephone the campaign office.

Election laws do permit the White House and campaign staffs to coordinate, so the White House chief of staff, James A. Baker 3d, can have his

weekly sessions with campaign operatives. And since the White House is the president's home as well as his office, Ronald Reagan can hold political receptions and meetings there, but at the expense of his campaign committee, not the taxpayers.

In some cases, officials say, the rules are more stringent than the law requires and than previous presidents have practiced. During Jimmy Carter's re-election campaign four years ago, for example, White House staff members could work on the campaign after hours.

Colorado Schools Urged to Shape Up

Rather than just complaining about standards in the state's high schools, the University of Colorado is exercising its clout to improve them.

In a move intended to toughen high school curricula, the state-supported university has set new admissions standards that exceed the current graduation requirements in all but two of the state's 181 school districts.

The standards will require future students to come equipped with more courses in English composition, mathematics, laboratory science and foreign language than applicants now need.

Officials at the university, where more than 18,000 undergraduates are enrolled, explain that high schools simply are not preparing students well in critical areas.

"We decided that altering our admissions standards would have a leveraging effect on the standards," said Luther S. Williams, the university's vice president for academic affairs.

State secondary school officials generally praise the new standards, although many say they are worried about finding and keeping foreign-language teachers. Many schools dropped foreign-language courses in the 1970s, and the University of Colorado currently does not require them for admission. But starting with the high school class of 1988, students will need two years of a foreign language to qualify for admission to the university.

Princeton Burgers Get Fast-Food Outlet

Quiet, proper and prosperous, Princeton, New Jersey, has got along for years without a fast-food chain restaurant. So the impending arrival of a Burger King right across from the main entrance to Princeton University was a milestone of sorts.

A Daily Princetonian editorial said the prospect of a cheap alternative to dining-hall food gave students "cause to rejoice." And Denise Druehl, manager of a local health food store, welcomed the franchise because "it will make the town less stuffy."

Barbara Sigmund, Princeton's mayor, sounded far from stuffy as she aired what she said was her main worry: "The McLitter problem from the McWrappers." But after a meeting with the new restaurant's operator, the mayor said a satisfactory agreement had been reached.

"The little burgermeisters will go three times a day up Nassau Street a half-mile in each direction," she said, "and will pick up anything that says Burger King."

Tactical Shift In Campaign Is Ordered By Mondale

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

WASHINGTON — Walter F. Mondale, declaring that he is now in a two-man race for the Democratic presidential nomination, has ordered drastic changes in his campaign and lashed out at Gary Hart, whose surprise victory in Tuesday's New Hampshire primary appeared to be paying dividends.

After hearing reports that he faces possible defeat in upcoming contests unless he responds quickly to the challenge from the Colorado senator, Mr. Mondale and his advisers decided to produce new television ads, some of which are expected to attack Senator Hart by name. They also are revising travel schedules and redesigning campaign events.

Primaries and caucuses involving nine states, American Samoa and Democrats Abroad are coming up on March 13, which the politicians are calling Super Tuesday. They include important contests in Florida, Georgia, Alabama and Massachusetts.

Talking to reporters when he had summoned to his office, Mr. Mondale said Thursday: "It's now clear there's a new day and a different race. We're in for a long, tough fight that could go all the way to the convention. We have to slug it out. It's a two-man race and it's very close."

Asked if he considered himself the front-runner, Mr. Mondale said, "No."

He noted that the first test will come in caucuses Sunday in Maine, and he once again challenged Senator Hart to take his campaign into the whole South. Senator Hart responded in kind.

"Well, Fritz, here I am," he said in Alabama as he began a quick barnstorming tour of the region.

The senator made a campaign swing through airports in Alabama, Florida and Georgia on Thursday. He said that Mr. Mondale was "still the de facto front-runner, but he is going to be challenging me, which I think is going to be changing the chemistry of the campaign."

However, the crowds that greeted the Colorado senator in the three Southern states were small ones in which the media outnumbered supporters.

He said his New Hampshire victory, which was bolstered by considerable support from labor union households, proved that "union members and workers are not going to be told how to vote by a handful of leaders in Washington."

The Colorado senator also had what he described as a "warm talk" with George C. Wallace by telephone, seeking the Alabama governor's endorsement in a region where the senator's own forces are weak. (WP, LAT, NYT)

Democratic Trade Plan

In Washington, House Democrats issued a campaign platform on trade Thursday that sought to reverse administration policies they blamed for record trade deficits. The Washington Post reported.

The document of the Task Force on Trade was released the day after the Commerce Department reported that in January the United States had one of its highest monthly trade deficits in history — \$9.5 billion — and that it appears the trade gap is heading for a new annual record of more than \$100 billion.

The Democratic report blamed the administration for the "grossly overvalued dollar," which it was one of the causes of the deficit since it "makes imports very attractive to U.S. consumers and makes U.S. goods less attractive to foreign buyers."

However, Mr. Roth, chairman of the committee, made public a memorandum signed by Robert A. Sands, chief of the contract pricing and financial office of the air force, saying that the air force objected to Mr. Fitzgerald's written material and that "amendments to permit publication are impractical."

The Fitzgerald statement described efforts by him to investigate pay rates at aerospace companies and possibly irregular procedures by which costs are assigned to military contracts. It said that the undersecretary of defense for research and engineering, Richard D. DeLauro, had "undercut" air force attempts to control such costs by transferring the study of compensation to those who approved procurement contracts.



PRESS GAG — Pedro Joaquin Chamorro, left, director of La Prensa, a Nicaraguan opposition newspaper, speaking at a press conference during a demonstration in Managua against censorship by the Sandinist government. At right is Luis Mora, La Prensa's trade union chairman. They wore the black kerchiefs as part of the protest.

Democrats Accuse Cabinet Agencies Of Hindering Primary Voting Abroad

By Robert C. Siner

International Herald Tribune

WASHINGTON — Democrats abroad have accused the State Department and Defense Department of obstructing participation in the party's overseas presidential primary March 13.

The Democratic group also accused "a number of U.S. ambassadors overseas" of giving "active and courageous" aid to overseas Republicans, including participating in the party's fund-raising events. Republicans abroad denied this had taken place.

In a sharply worded letter of protest Feb. 24, the chairman of Democrats Abroad, Andrew P. Sundberg, told Secretary of State George P. Shultz: "The State Department has thwarted the ability of many overseas Americans to obtain information about the overseas Democratic primary election, obstructed their ability to have access to a simple registration form for this primary election, and cast public doubt on the legality of the entire process."

Democrats Abroad particularly objected to State Department instructions that overseas voting officers not distribute any Democratic

Party material unless similar material was available from Republicans. The letter said that the department was aware that the Republican primary was differently structured and three months later than the Democratic vote.

In a similar letter to Defense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger, Mr. Sundberg said Democrats Abroad also "found the Department of Defense to be dilatory and obstructionist" in its behavior toward American voters living overseas.

The protest to the Pentagon focused on the omission from the 1984 guide to voting assistance of officers of any mention of the Democrats' overseas primary. The Pentagon oversees voting programs of Americans overseas. In addition, notice of the overseas primary was not sent out until Jan. 20, the letter said.

Neither department has responded to the letters.

In an interview, Mr. Sundberg said State Department officials had said they were aware that the rules on distributing information gave the Republican Party what he called a "negative veto" on information that the Democratic Party could distribute in embassies and

consulates. He said he had been told that the policy would not be changed.

Since the instructions were issued only a month before the Democratic primary date, the letter to Mr. Shultz said, there was no time to get materials from the Republicans to meet these requirements.

The letter also cited "our awareness of the fact that a number of U.S. ambassadors have been giving active encouragement to overseas Republicans, have been participating in fund-raising events for the Republican Party overseas, and have even been making their official residences and other public buildings available for such purposes."

Lois Shepard, chairman of Republicans Abroad, denied that public buildings had been used for Republican Party functions. She said that U.S. ambassadors had attended Republican fund-raising events only as private citizens.

More information on the primaries is available from Democrats Abroad, Election Committee, Kansas 5, 2628 EB Delft, The Netherlands, and Republicans Abroad, 310 First St. S.E., Washington, D.C. 20003.

Panel Rebuffs Reagan On Central America Aid

By Joanne Omang

and John M. Goshko

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — A House subcommittee has severely criticized the administration's new Central American aid proposals, voting to cut military and economic aid requests, impose stiff conditions on the remaining funds and halt military exercises in Honduras.

In several party-line votes Thursday, the Democratic-controlled Foreign Affairs Subcommittee on Western Hemisphere Affairs rejected most of the \$5-billion program of the National Bipartisan Commission on Central America, which President Ronald Reagan had hoped would forge a national consensus for a long-range approach to the region.

The action came as Secretary of State George P. Shultz, confronting bipartisan Senate concern about human rights in El Salvador, said he would be prepared "as a last resort" to cut off all U.S. aid there if death squad activity and official corruption cannot be halted.

"In the end, they must know we are willing to walk away," Mr. Shultz told the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations. But he added that the United States should assess the situation with "patience and common sense" before resorting to that "ultimate sanction."

Democrats on the House subcommittee, saying repeatedly that they were "sending a signal" that they are willing to walk away from El Salvador, rejected the administration's entire request for \$178.7 million more in military aid for El Salvador this year.

They endorsed \$132.5 million for 1985, the amount the administration asked, on condition that El Salvador effectively control its death squads, stop holding political prisoners, set up an effective judicial system, open unconditional negotiations with "all major parties to the conflict in El Salvador," make progress in land reform and reach verdicts in cases involving the deaths of U.S. citizens.

The achievement of these conditions, which would also be applicable to economic aid, is thought to be nearly impossible in the near future.

The subcommittee version of the Central American aid bill, which is to be considered next week by the

full Foreign Affairs Committee, also would eliminate a proposed \$10 million in military aid to Guatemala next year and bar U.S. trainers and troops from participating in military exercises in Honduras. It would cut the administration's total 1985 request from \$1.3 billion to \$898 million in economic and military aid for the region.

James R. Michel, deputy assistant secretary of state, called the subcommittee's plan "clearly inadequate" and said the administration would oppose the measure because it would "seriously retard our efforts to achieve our national objectives in Central America."

Representative Henry J. Hyde, Republican of Illinois, said the conditions being attached to aid to El Salvador "cannot be met by a country undergoing a dirty, brutal war."

But Representative Stephen J. Solarz, Democrat of New York, said that "perfect justice" is not required. "It's a way of sending signals both to El Salvador and downtown to the White House that we mean business," he said.

The subcommittee chairman, Michael D. Barnes, Democrat of Maryland, voted for all of the bill's provisions but said he had "reservations" about imposing such stiff aid conditions.

Dante B. Fascell, Democrat of Florida and chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee, has said he is determined to approve a foreign aid bill this year. Administration officials said they hope to enlist his aid to tone down the subcommittee's action.

Salvadoran Rightist Says He'll Visit Washington

Washington Post Service

SAN SALVADOR — Roberto d'Aubuisson, the far-right Salvadoran presidential candidate, said he will fly to Washington on Monday, three months after the U.S. State Department denied him entry to the United States apparently because of his alleged involvement in political killings.

The U.S. Embassy in San Salvador left it unclear whether Mr. d'Aubuisson had received a visa or even whether he had applied for one. It was understood, however, that senior officials in Washington were considering whether to grant him one less than three weeks before the Salvadoran election.

Pentagon Bars Critic From Testifying

By Charles Mohr

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Pentagon officials have prevented the military's best-known whistle-blower from testifying before Congress in his official capacity. But his report, saying the Defense Department's chief auditing agency and an undersecretary had thwarted efforts to uncover unreasonable charges, was made public by a Senate committee anyway.

In releasing the report Thursday, the Governmental Affairs Committee ignored a written air force objection to the statement by the potential witness, A. Ernest Fitzgerald.

Mr. Fitzgerald, a senior civil servant with the title of deputy assistant secretary of the air force, was dismissed by President Richard M. Nixon in 1969 from a similar position after telling Congress of expenditures well over budget on a transport aircraft. He was restored to office after a long court battle.

He said the Pentagon had refused to let him testify Thursday in his official capacity because his criticism of the Defense Contract Audit Agency "is embarrassing but true."

Mr. Fitzgerald testified before congressional committees twice last year on his own, but he said he had decided not to do so in this case because the Senate panel had asked him to report on a study he conducted as an air force official.

He said the Defense Contract Audit Agency had repeatedly refused to allow him access to agency "workpapers" involving a Tucson, Arizona, plant of Hughes Aircraft Co. where anti-tank Maverick missiles are made.



A. Ernest Fitzgerald

Senator William V. Roth Jr., Republican of Delaware, and Senator Charles H. Percy, Republican of Illinois, showed examples of television

adapters for pay television programs that they said had been made by Hughes employees on government time and installed in the homes of the employees and at least one executive.

However, Mr. Roth, chairman of the committee, made public a memorandum signed by Robert A. Sands, chief of the contract pricing and financial office of the air force, saying that the air force objected to Mr. Fitzgerald's written material and that "amendments to permit publication are impractical."

The Fitzgerald statement described efforts by him to investigate pay rates at aerospace companies and possibly irregular procedures by which costs are assigned to military contracts. It said that the undersecretary of defense for research and engineering, Richard D. DeLauro, had "undercut" air force attempts to control such costs by transferring the study of compensation to those who approved procurement contracts.

U.S. Asked to Ban Some Painkillers

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — A panel of experts convened by the National Institutes of Health has urged that "serious consideration" be given to banning nonprescription use of painkillers that contain two or more active compounds.

The most widely sold painkillers of this type, which combine aspirin and acetaminophen, include Excedrin and Vanquish. The panel warned Wednesday that people who took large doses of such drugs for long periods — for example, 10 tablets a day for three years — could develop a form of kidney disease. Very heavy and sustained use, they said, could also increase a user's susceptibility to cancer.

The panel, acknowledging that the incidence of kidney failure as a result of painkiller abuse was rare, restricted its inquiry to over-the-counter medicines. It did not address the question of whether such compound painkillers should be allowed by prescription.

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18:00 MY FAVOURITE MARTIAN
18:25 MOVIE ON
19:20 TOMORROW AT TEN
20:40 ALL STAR WRESTLING
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ARTS / LEISURE

Blurring the Frontiers of Style

PARIS — Seen in museums, art is a simple affair. Trends succeed each other in orderly procession. — Romanticism gives way to the naturalism of the Barbizon and Pont-Aven schools, in turn followed by Impressionism, and so on. Great names — Corot, Gauguin, Toulouse-Lautrec — are displayed in one area and the others get tucked away in "study collections."

SOURIN MELIKIAN

Attending sales at Drouot in the city where it all happened and in which a great deal is still lying

about, shatters the convenient categorization and gives an insight into the seething world of art as lived by those who made it.

The first lesson is how blurred the frontiers really were between the movements that are given such titles. Sometimes, no definition is adequate.

In the auction of 19th-century paintings conducted on Monday by Henri Gros, assisted by the expert Jean-Pierre Camard for the 19th- and 20th-century paintings, there was a little watercolor by Adolphe Hervey.

In an intensely green color scene painted on a rainy day, horses are walking toward a farm house. The brushwork is broad and nervous, almost Impressionist. But the intense, dark colors, and particularly the blue sky, give it a somber atmosphere that one does not associate with Impressionism.

Hervey's piece seems closer to Combar's mood — with a different touch, quicker, broader. Romantic is not the word, either. Despite its evocative, sad character, the watercolor is that of a close observer of reality who has clearly worked from nature.

In short, the piece defies classification. A pupil of the academic, quasi-photographic Leon Cogniet, and of the more talented but equally conventional Eugène Isabey, Hervey was 30 when he first exhibited at the Salon, in 1849.

Characteristically, his entry was a stormy landscape done from nature called "Effet d'orage d'après nature."

Hervey participated in only three more exhibitions. So unusual was his work that the other pictures he submitted were rejected on 23 occasions. Admired by the novelist and critic Théophile Gautier, Hervey died a pauper and never rose above obscurity.

On Monday his watercolor cost its Japanese buyer a mere 2,200 francs (\$270) — typical works are never worth a great deal.

After the inclassifiable, there is the partially classified. Lucien Lévy-Dhurmer is a typical case. Born in Algiers in 1865, he had a long career — he died in 1953 —

during which he practiced many techniques, from porcelain-making to sculpture, and many styles. He is best known for the period when he was a fellow traveler of the Symbolists, who exhibited their work at the Salons de la Rose-Croix in the last decade of the 19th century. More recently, the pastel landscapes he did after 1918 in a Neo-Impressionist style have elicited some interest. But these are only two facets of his personality.

On Monday, a striking view of 15th-century "Flemish Houses at Bruges" and leafless trees under snow illustrated a different vein.

The color scheme, combining a deep purple for the triangular brick facades, a grayish-white for the snowflakes, and the blackish canal water, is unmatched in Neo-Impressionism. The illusionistic effect of a landscape seen through a curtain of falling snowflakes is uncanny. It is done with extreme care, in contrast to the looser brushwork of Impressionism. Yet it has a very light touch, like most of Lévy-Dhurmer's work, made lighter still by the technique, pastel on paper.

The painting is typical of a period when the artist had given up the fantasies of Symbolism and created an eerie atmosphere through natural observation. This phase is little known to the public. The painting made no stir, fetching just over 50,000 francs.

At a sale held the day after, the daily mockery of ready-made categorization continued. The auctioneer Jean-Paul Courturier was assisted by three experts, André Pacitti on Impressionism and Modern Masters, Félix Marchal on the so-called "Orientalists" — painters who specialized in Arab subjects in Egypt, Palestine and Western North Africa — and Jean-Claude Romand on prints.

The prints, sold first, gave rise to the first joke. Jacques Villon is admired as a master of Cubism and abstractionism. He was in his 30s when he developed a theory adapting Leonardo's "Pyramidal Vision" to Cubism. But this is not how the artist started off in life. His grandfather was a painter and printmaker who taught him his craft. At the age of 16, Jacques Villon, who still went by his real name, Gaston Duchamp, knew a good deal about printmaking, which he practiced in an academic style. For 15 years he sent cartoons to humorous weeklies and did posters for cabarets.

This left its mark on Villon's printed oeuvre. The Tuesday sale included a dry-point, "Autres Temps: 1830." Executed in 1904, it commemorates a ball in 1830 costume and looks like a fashion advertisement. It is a great rarity, but a kitschy rarity. Some collector's instinct seems to have been aroused.

by the print, which soared to nearly 77,000 francs.

After that came another great modern master's kitschy piece of work. The portrait of a "Woman in a Black Dress" carries the signature of Emile Bernard. The sitter, shown three-quarters, her head turned full face towards the viewer, holds her bejeweled hands crossed over her folded legs. The posture is conventional, the curtain backdrop hackneyed, the expression of the realistic face insufferably soppy. This was painted in 1919, less than 20 years after the end of Bernard's Nabi period, when he was producing some of the greatest paintings of the modern French school. As an artist, Bernard, who lived on until 1941, was dead by the end of World War I. That story is well known to the specialists, but the public seldom sees the evidence. Museums don't show it. The portrait found a charitable soul at 10,000 francs.

A quarter of an hour later it was Gauguin's turn to surprise the attendance with a still life painted on a tambourine. His was a sneering, smug temperament, and there is a touch of mockery about the object. However, if it's a joke, it is a highly sophisticated one. Far from being a sketch hastily dashed off, it is done with considerable attention to the form. One bright orange is tangent to the rim. Another is cut off by it with a shadow on the side as if seen under a spotlight through a circular opening. The painting qualifies as a trompe-l'œil, the only one within the work of the great Impressionists. The way in which Gauguin has handled this challenge, down to the last whirling



Jacques Villon's "Autres Temps: 1830"

touch of the brush, is a lesson in technique. Jean-Claude Bellier, a leading Paris dealer, paid 363,000 francs for Gauguin's essay in whimsy.

For those who don't have that money but have an inclination for the pleasures of modern painting at the turn of the century, the sale offered an alternative. Louis Welden Hawkins, who was born in Stuttgart of British parents and died in Paris a French citizen, is known to specialists as a Symbolist

painter. But in Tuesday's sale he was represented by a small portrait, "A Breton Woman at Le Pouldu," done with the strong outline of the Pont-Aven school. His work rarely appears at auction. Pacitti noted, and the Marchal said he had never painted in that manner. The portrait was done in 1908, two years before the painter's death. Sold at just under 20,000 francs — again to Bellier — it was the day's bargain in artistic surprises.

Korean Treasures in London

By Max Wykes-Joyce

International Herald Tribune

LONDON — In the late 16th century an almost exact contemporary of William Shakespeare, the Korean courtier, intellectual and poet Cha Chon-ri (1556-1615) chief adviser to King Sunjo (reigned 1568 to 1609) wrote of himself: "I have no wish to show publicly how gifted I am, or leave behind me a great reputation. I am not the least interested in fame or acclaim. I'd rather climb Mount Shang, and follow in the footsteps of the ancient philosophers."

A similar humble sentiment seems to have prevailed among the many artists who worked in Korea in the five millennia that came to an end in A.D. 1910, with the last of the Choson dynasty, their reign brought to an end by a Japanese invasion.

The four attributes of Korean art — "accord with nature, light and quiet color; humor; a restrained peacefulness" — enunciated by Choi Sunu, director of the National Museum of Korea, are everywhere in evidence in the magnificent exhibition "Treasures from Korea" at the British Museum to May 13.

The show is subtitled "5,000 Years of Korean Art," and more than half of the exhibits were not taken to eight American museums that received the 1979-1981 exhibition of the same title. Indeed, quite a few

of those in the current show are the fruit of recent archaeological digs in both South and North Korea.

Inevitably, the section of Korean art best represented is that of ceramics. Starting with the Three Kingdoms pots of hard gray unglazed clay, the show continues with United Silla dynasty (668-935) wares, which were influenced by the Tang pottery of China. After these are the wares of the Koryo dynasty (918-1392) which saw, in the 10th and 11th centuries, the advent of Korean celadons. These received approval in 1157 by the king, who commissioned celadon roof tiles for an ornamental pavilion in the grounds of the royal palace. Examples of these tiles, though not in the present show, are recorded by G. St. G. Gompertz in his monograph "Korean Celadon and Other Wares of the Koryo Period," as having been recovered by archaeologists in 1964.

Celadons in general are well represented at the British Museum show; but so are wares of the subsequent Choson dynasty (1392-1810), especially those pieces typified as *pun chong*, which literally means "powder-green" though many are glazed or incised-decorated in other colors, and the asymmetrical and down-to-earth quality had a direct and important influence on Japanese tea-ceremony vessels.

Other major categories of Korean art given their own sections in this exhibition are a fine selection of Buddhist art and sculptures, including a "Seated Buddha" in gray stoneware and a "Standing Avalokitesvara" in gilt bronze, both dating from the sixth century, and discovered on an ancient temple site at the last capital of the Kingdom of Paekche, one of the original Three Kingdoms of which Korea was later constituted; and a superb "Dragon's Head Flag Finial" in gilt bronze, found at Yongju in 1976, which would originally have served as a banner holder high on the roof of a Buddhist temple.

Korean painting, a genre of which the West knows little, is well represented with 47 exhibits ranging in years from a folding 10-leaved book, an "Illuminated Avatamsaka sutra" written and illustrated in gold and paper dyed blue-black, dating from the middle of the 14th century to a fine calligraphic of an "Orchid" by a near-Zen poet and painter Ch'usa, the non-de-pineau of Kim Chong-hui (1786-1857).

Treasures from Korea, New Wing Gallery, British Museum, Great Russell Street, London WC1, to May 13; the Museum for Kunst und Gewerbe, Hamburg, June 12 to Sept. 16; Museum für Ostasiatische Kunst, Cologne, Oct. 10 to Jan. 13, 1985.

Prague Opens a Smetana Cycle

By Andrew Clark

International Herald Tribune

PRAGUE — Given the musical world's penchant for anniversaries, the Czech school of composers has given this year's artistic policy-makers a ready-made program. By a happy coincidence, Leoš Janacek was born 130 years ago, Bedrich Smetana died 100 years ago, Antonin Dvorak died 80 years ago and Bohuslav Martinu died 25 years ago.

The flowering of Czech music over the last 100 years follows a period of Czech cultural assertiveness in the latter half of the 19th century, when German influences began to be challenged and Czech composers developed their individual language — often spiced with traditional folk culture.

In a European context, the number of Czech works that form a regular part of the orchestral, instrumental and operatic repertoire remains small. In Prague, however, enthusiasm for such music knows no bounds, and it tends to overshadow the standard German repertoire. Given the encouragement that the state gives to contemporary composers in Czechoslovakia — the kind of official support and recognition that Western composers dream about — there is evidently a strong desire to maintain this tradition, even if the price is limited contact with international musical cross-currents.

The instrumental tradition also shows no sign of flagging. There are no exclusive associations with serious music-making here — it has always been a popular and masculine art. The most striking feature in Prague's musical life for any visitor, therefore, is the huge demand for musical events, including contemporary ones, and the quality of tone and ensemble in the city's many instrumental groups, from the four major orchestras down to the smallest chamber group. By contrast, standards of singing are low, often characterized by metallic tone and the Slavic throat, and the quality of dramatic representation in opera is undeveloped.

The anniversary celebrations this year are being exploited to the full. Janacek's opera "Jenufa" has been given a restudied production at the National Theater, a newly restored building that combines the monumental and the intimate, and is a lasting symbol of Czech cultural awareness at the time of its opening a century ago. Another Janacek opera, "The Cunning Little Vixen," can be seen in a production that brings out the work's appeal for all age groups.

Over at the Smetana Theater (which until the end of World War II was Prague's German Theater), Martinu's opera "The Green Passion" can be seen in a new production conducted by the talented young music director of the Prague Symphony, Jiri Belohlavek. Martinu's ballet "Spalick" is also being shown. Dvorak's operas "Rusalka" and "The Jacobin" are — alongside Smetana's "The Bartered Bride" — the most popular works in the repertoire here; both productions have evocative, naturalistic decor, but illustrate the unwillingness of Czech stage directors to explore the psychological and dramatic potential of opera.

Dvorak is also being commemorated in a special concert at the Palace of Culture at the end of March, for which the doyen of Czech conductors, Vaclav Smetacek, is coming out of retirement.

But the composer revered above all others is Smetana, whose reputation in the West is largely confined to "The Bartered Bride" and the symphonic cycle of "My Country." The Czech Philharmonic has been exploring some of his lesser-known symphonic works. The National Theater has opened a cycle of his eight operas, all of which will be performed at this year's Spring Festival, including the fragment of his final, incomplete opera.

The main work in the cycle so far has been "Libuse," a poem to the Czech homeland that is reserved for special occasions and has hardly been heard outside Czechoslovakia. Smetana held back his first performance for the opening of the National Theater in 1881, by which time he was too deaf to hear it. Describing "Libuse," Smetana said it was "not an opera of the old type, but a festive tableau." Set in the Bohemian mountains, the work unfolds in six scenes, depicting the peaceful resolution of conflict in pagan times and the founding of a Czech royal dynasty, and foretelling a heroic destiny for the Czech people.

Musically, the opera has several attractive motifs and occasional striking scenes, such as the opening fanfare, the solemn processions and an extended lyric baritone solo in an evocative pastoral setting. But there are too many passages where not even Smetana's warm-blooded orchestration can hide a lack of inspiration or memorability. The work's suitability for the stage is limited by its simple narrative structure, which is one-dimensional, lacks the psychological depth to act as a parable of human nature, and misses the interplay of character and subtlety of dramatic situation that make good theater.

Many works of art that take their inspiration from a narrow base such as nationalism have universal qualities that make their reinterpretation fascinating. However well Smetana rose to that challenge in his other work, he did not succeed with "Libuse."

The production, which can be seen through May, is simple and unpretentious, with representational scenery by the distinguished Czech designer Josef Svoboda. But the stage director, Karel Jelinek, has given the production a visual flatness by failing to delineate individual character sufficiently. As a result, the performance is imbued with a spartan atmosphere that becomes tedious, and lacks the imaginative flair to realize the potential of scenes like the final tableau, where Libuse, the Bohemian queen, has visions of the future.

One compensating feature is the enthusiasm and pride of the chorus and soloists. And the triumph of the performance is the incisive and full-bodied orchestral contribution under Zdenek Kocler, the company's music director, who showed a talent for delving into the character of the score.

Bonn Clears Up Some Monkey Business

The Associated Press

BONN — A baboon fled for three days from scientists who were going to use him for medical experiments and was recaptured in a Bonn forest Friday by a ranger armed with tranquilizer darts. The fully grown animal made his break as he was being taken into a university building for the experiments.

A Burgundian in New York

By Michael Gibson

International Herald Tribune

PARIS — Seven years ago Alain Kirili, 38, (a native of Burgundy, an old province of France marked by a full-bodied, sensual culture), was a young sculptor impressed and no doubt rather intimidated by the stern and triumphant minimalism of American art. Sol LeWitt, Carl Andre and others. Under that influence he produced spare sculptures made of straight, stainless-steel wire that could fairly be described as austere.

But seven years ago, too, Kirili moved to New York, where he found a studio downtown, on White Street, and in due course a dealer (Ileana Sonnabend) who took an interest in his work. Now he is back in Paris on a visit. For his first show here since he moved, a rotund, lively man bubbling with insights acquired over the years.

The intimidation that he originally felt in presence of contemporary American art — it struck him then as a sort of absolute formulation of modernity — has given way to a friendly understanding of its connection with the mentality of the country that produced it.

He discovered that the austerity of minimalism was not the rational absolute it seemed to be, viewed from the far side of the ocean, but that it was rooted in the austerity of a fundamentally puritan mentality — the typical example of this being the work of David Smith, whose titles themselves seem to confirm such an interpretation.

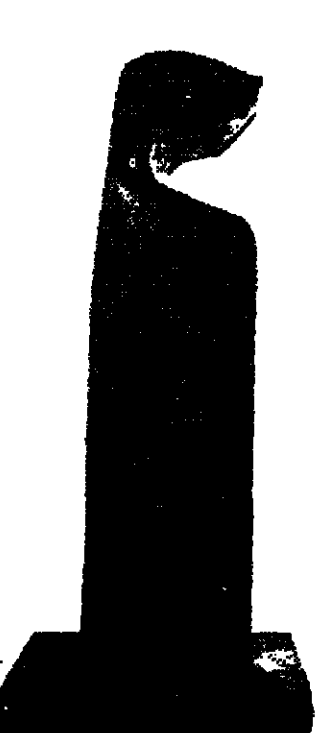
"You've got to be tough!" young New York artists were constantly telling him, "or you'll never make it!" Toughness was not exactly what characterized an artist in his work. But this as he sees it, was a direct expression of specifically American notions of virility and femininity that he was also discovering then and which, he says, find such an impressive expression in American art.

Kirili's reaction to New York was enthusiastic, for one thing because the move allowed him to discover his own "Frenchness" and lifted him out of the provincialism that comes, not from belonging to a place, but from being unaware of what such a belonging implies. To him he feels that he has understood the strong work done in the United States since the 1950s and he is no longer intimidated by it. He has, on the contrary, found a way to give expression to his own roots in a contemporary idiom, although it was not easy, he says, to gain acceptance for it.

The Protestant work and sex ethic still burdens him. Artists in New York were constantly talking about their "work," he says, a term (and subject) that European artists do not tend to use. And art itself had to be stern, tough and virile. The very idea of something graceful, something that had charm or seemed to express a notion of femininity was, in a sense, taboo.

A trait of the American mentality that strikes him is the puritanical iconoclasm of the Protestant tradition, a rejection of the image in liturgy. This, in his view, is a barrier that the major American artists of this century have had to transcend at great cost, along with that constituted by the dominant notion of womanhood.

Kirili was impressed by the way this notion is reflected in the work of David Smith, the American sculptor he most admires, for instance in "Specter of Mother" (1946), which, Smith himself ex-



Kirili's "Berze" (1983)

plained, presents the mother as a repressive authority. This also, in Kirili's view, constitutes an additional barrier that American artists have to overcome.

His own art, while still marked by his early minimalism, now clearly allows itself to have some of the taboo qualities he mentioned. There is a clear "cultural" reference in his hammered, folded and indented beams of iron that stand vertically on an iron base. The indentations near the top of the bar often create the profile of a hooded figure and seem to refer to the 16th-century Burgundian marble sculptures of mourning figures draped in black that surround several famous tombs.

Some sculptures (not on view in Paris) refer explicitly to Burgundy's indigenous form of austerity, the great monastic movements of the Middle Ages that had their seat there. One piece is entitled "Citeaux," after the important monastic center, another "Gislebertus," after the sculptor of the Romanesque cathedral of Autun. Kirili is

constantly giving expression to a tension between the theoretical demands of an intellectual austerity and the exigencies of a deep sensuality, a certain passion for his material, and his works appear like traces of an endless itinerary between the two. The interest of the event resides in part in the unusual confrontation between two mentalities that it reflects.

Sensuality, in the sense used above and particularly in connection with gender, is also rather foreign to the New York mentality, he says, and is sometimes considered rather French, with implications of self-indulgent oddness. None of this appears to bother him, however, and such observations are made in a tone of jovial and sensitive robustness (he flushes easily in moments of enthusiasm or pleasure).

Kirili is happy about his move and finds New York a place with a tremendous capacity for receiving the vast and useful mass of unmemorable work, the indispensable compost, in his opinion, that allows work of superior quality to emerge. This in itself explains, in his view, the vitality of American art today.

And how does the Paris art scene strike him, returning after a long absence? "Too tame and cautious!" he says with a cordial laugh. The reflection does not refer to the art being produced here, but to the social climate that he considers does not provide the fostering environment that art demands.

Alain Kirili, Galerie Adrien Maeght, 46 Rue du Bac, Paris 7, April 15.

Australian Expert Finds Clue to Man's Lineage

Reuters

CANBERRA — An Australian geologist has put a date to a rock sample from East Africa that could help prove that recently discovered bones belong to a species that is the ancestor of both apes and humans.

Ian MacDougall, who has worked in East Africa with the paleontologist Richard E. Leakey, has dated a piece of basalt that seems to confirm that bones unearthed in Kenya last year are more than 17 million years old, helping to extend man's known lineage back in time.

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(Continued from Page 10)

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Rating Rate Notes

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Canada		CONCO	
Canadian Imperial Bank			
1st Quarter	1982	1981	
Profits	64.9	74.2	
Per Share	1.09	1.38	
Rio Algom			
Revenue	1993	1981	
Profits	79.7	76.2	
Per Share	3.11	0.25	
Netherlands			
ABN			
1st Quarter	1982	1981	
Profits	384.5	399.2	
Per Share	47.13	45.26	
United States			
Allegheny			
1st Quarter	1982	1981	
Revenue	176.2	170.0	
Profits	60.0	52.5	
Per Share	6.38	6.38	
Includes income of \$59 million in profits of \$67 million from discontinued operations. Does not include extraordinary profit of \$6.3 million. Share results after preferred dividends.			
Essex			
1st Quarter	1982	1981	
Revenue	1,230	677.9	
Profits	36.2	14.3	
Per Share	5.85	2.46	
Includes income of \$1.2 million on profits of \$1.2 million from discontinued operations. Does not include extraordinary profit of \$6.3 million. Share results after preferred dividends.			
Lithium Industries			
2nd Quarter	1984	1983	
Revenue	1,140	916.2	
Profits	107.35	58.11	
Per Share	1.23	1.21	
Includes income of \$2.2 million on profits of \$2.2 million from discontinued operations. Does not include extraordinary profit of \$6.3 million. Share results after preferred dividends.			
U.S. Vehicle			
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ND, New Hampshire publishers hailed an orate-in effort for President Reagan on New Democratic ballot. The state's voters showed Senator Goldwater got the higher number of write-ins from Republicans.

ND got the highest numbers—5,056—in Tuesday's primary and guaranteed the regular vote. But Mr. Hart, the Democratic ally with the vote, received 10,000 from Republicans.

Senators' write-ins represented 5 percent of the vote. Democrats who voted in primary. Senator Hart's represented more than 5.2 percent of the vote, 75,737.

"New Hampshire does not have a write-in name," Secretary of State Chandler said. "We have a ballot. It's very easy to write in a name. I think it's a good election pro-

Output Rises
—Press International

—U.S. car and truck sales in February will be the highest in the last 10 months since October, trade publication News reported Friday. Automakers produced 1.4 million cars and trucks last month.

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**Opposition Party Office
Is Bombed in Colombia**

United Press International

MEDELLIN, Colombia — A bomb destroyed the local headquarters of Colombia's only opposition party Friday, nine days before elections that Marxist guerrillas have threatened to disrupt.

The bomb exploded before dawn in a building housing the Liberal Party in Medellin, the country's second largest city. No one was in the building at the time, authorities said. The police in Medellin, 180 miles (about 290 kilometers) northwest of Bogota, also reported that a small explosion caused minor damage late Thursday at the ruling Conservative Party's headquarters.

**the Global
Newspaper.**

[The page contains faint, illegible markings.]

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BUSINESS ROUNDUP

Fraser Plans to Resign From Chrysler Board

By John Holusha
New York Times Service

DETROIT — Douglas A. Fraser, the first labor leader to hold a seat on the board of a major U.S. corporation, has said that he will step down as a director of Chrysler Corp. at the end of his term in June.

The decision by the retired president of the United Automobile Workers confronts Lee A. Iacocca, Chrysler's chairman, with the choice of naming Owen F. Bieber, now UAW president, to the seat or risking union anger by choosing someone else or eliminating the seat.

Chrysler said the board's nominating committee had recommended that Mr. Fraser be elected to another term. Mr. Fraser, however, abstained from the otherwise unanimous vote Thursday and indicated afterward that he would decline to stand for re-election to the board.

The union issued a statement quoting Mr. Fraser as saying he believed Mr. Bieber should succeed him as the representative of the autoworkers. "The ball is in Chrysler's court now," the statement added.

The company has until its April 5 board meeting to decide what to do. The board will vote then on the lineup to be submitted to stockholders in proxy materials distributed later in the month.

Mr. Fraser was named to the board in 1980, after the union had helped the company win congressional approval for \$1.5 billion in emergency loan guarantees.

Mr. Iacocca and Mr. Fraser, at

though they express admiration for one another, have differed over the role of the board seat from the first. Mr. Fraser said he was the representative of the Chrysler workers, whose wage and benefit concessions were a large part of the Chrysler rescue package.

Mr. Iacocca has taken the standard corporate position that board seats are held by individuals, not interest groups. He has expressed the wish that Mr. Fraser, 67, stay on until age 70.

Also Thursday, Chrysler elected Malcolm T. Stamper, president of Boeing Co., to a board seat, expanding the membership to 19 seats.



Douglas A. Fraser

Bass Brothers Drew Down \$124.2 Million Last Month

The Associated Press

NEW YORK — The Bass family of Fort Worth, Texas, which is at the center of speculation about a takeover bid for Texaco Inc., has disclosed that it used \$124.2 million of newly arranged financing in mid-February.

In a filing Feb. 27 with the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Bass family said it had lined up \$160 million in financing Feb. 8 and 10. The filing said Sid R. Bass, one of the four Bass brothers who run Bass Brothers Enterprises Inc., drew down \$37.7 million Feb. 14 from a \$50-million revolving credit agreement with an undisclosed bank.

On the same day, Lee Bass drew \$31.7 million from a \$42-million bank note and Robert Bass drew \$27.8 million from a \$33-million bank note. A week later, Edward Bass drew \$27 million from a \$35-million promissory note.

The filing said each brother delivered the money to Merrill Lynch & Co. for deposit in their margin accounts. They did not disclose whether the deposits went to buy stock, although that is the usual use.

The filing did not indicate that the brothers had increased their ownership of Texaco stock. They said they owned 25.4 million shares, or 9.8 percent of the 259 million Texaco shares outstanding — the same amount reported in a Jan. 18 filing with the SEC.

The \$124.2 million in credit drawn by the Bass brothers would

buy about 2.7 million Texaco shares at the current market price.

Rumors that the Bass brothers have bought additional Texaco stock in recent days have flourished as Texaco's stock price has risen on unusually heavy volume. On Thursday, Texaco stock was the most active on the New York Stock Exchange, with 2.8 million shares changing hands and the price rising 25 cents to \$45.25. On Friday, more than 1.58 million shares of Texaco stock traded hands in the first two hours, including a block of 386,000 shares at \$48 a share.

Neither the Bass brothers nor their father, Perry Bass, has commented publicly on the rumors about their interest in Texaco. None of the brothers or Bass company officials would comment Friday. In a previous filing with the SEC, the brothers said their purchases of Texaco stock were for investment.

Consumer Price Index Rises 0.3% in Japan

Reuters

TOKYO — The Japanese consumer price index rose 0.3 percent in January from the December level, the prime minister's office said Friday. The index had declined 0.3 percent in December.

The January index, which was unadjusted, was up 1.8 percent from the level of a year earlier. The year-to-year gain in December was also 1.8 percent.

Litton to Sell Units; Profit Rises by 12%

The Associated Press

BEVERLY HILLS, California — Litton Industries Inc. has said that it would sell several divisions, which account for 16 percent of the company's revenue. Litton said it expected to sell the operations by the summer of 1985 and turn of its energies to high-technology and military operations.

Litton made the disclosure Thursday, when it disclosed that its earnings from continuing operations in the quarter that ended Jan. 31 rose 12 percent to \$66.1 million, or \$1.54 a share, from \$58.9 million, or \$1.38 a share, a year earlier. Revenue in the quarter rose 23 percent to \$1.14 billion from \$926.2 million.

The operations to be sold had revenue of \$354.4 million in the six months to Jan. 31, while company revenue was \$2.2 billion.

"We have begun discussions with potential buyers for each of the divisions," said a Litton spokesman.

The company had previously announced a tentative agreement to sell divisions that produce business furniture, store fixtures and office products to a group of Litton executives and Relex Capital Corp., a New York-based investor group.

No price has been disclosed for that sale, which is still pending.

The divisions Litton said Thursday it would sell were Sweda International, which produces electronic cash registers and supermarket checkout scanners; Monroe Systems for Business, a maker of business machines and microcomputers; Task Graphic and Composition Systems; and Westrex OEM Products, which makes office machines.

IBM Cuts Price Of PC in Europe

New York Times Service

NEW YORK — International Business Machines Corp. said it had reduced the price of its Personal Computer by as much as 30 percent in Europe, bringing the cost of the machines more in line with U.S. prices.

A spokesman said that Thursday's reductions "reflect improved manufacturing costs achieved as a result of the full commissioning of the European manufacturing plant for both the Personal Computer and the Personal Computer XT at Greenock, Scotland." The XT is a more sophisticated model, including a high-capacity, hard-disk drive. The company said XT prices were cut as much as 10 percent.

IBM has reportedly encountered difficulties in marketing the Personal Computer line in Europe.

U.S. Companies Are Limiting Their Inventories

(Continued from Page 11)

ing guys always wanted big piles of everything," said Robert Costello, executive director of purchasing for General Motors. "But we've learned a lot. We've found we don't need as much anymore."

The self-discipline is so pervasive that inventories recently reached their lowest point since World War II. The Commerce Department's inventory-to-sales ratio — the amount of time it would take to use up available stocks — has fallen steadily since reaching a peak of 1.54 months in October 1982. In December it fell to 1.31 months, the lowest on record.

At each of Ryan Homes' manufacturing plants, where wall panels and modules are prefabricated, a purchasing specialist using a computer daily monitors the flow of nails, lumber, cement and drywall to eliminate excesses.

Computers are also newly in vogue throughout the Neiman-Marcus chain. Buyers now get up-to-date sales and order information on the chain's vast assortment of merchandise at the press of a button. Two years ago filing paper and

waiting for written sales reports made inventory control much more complicated.

At Appliance Park, GE's suppliers are competing to get into the exclusive Vendor 100 Club, part of an inventory-control program that rewards suppliers who have earned reputations for consistent quality. Reliability reduces inventory needs, they say.

"These guys were burned for three years with high interest rates and high inventories," says Robert Scott, an economist with Chase Econometrics who thinks some companies may be overdoing the restraint. But he adds, "As long as interest rates are still high there's bound to be a lot of caution about rebuilding inventories."

The popularity of the "just-in-time" philosophy of inventory management accounts for much of the change in inventory control. Automakers, trying to close the cost gap with foreign producers, were among the first to start eliminating Japanese practices.

The Japanese art of taking materials and parts from the trucks on the unloading dock and pushing them through the plant until as-

sembled cars roll off the line still eludes American companies. But General Motors Corp. is experimenting with quick truck transportation and putting less emphasis on the delivery of carloads of goods by rail.

GM says its efforts have reduced its investment in parts and raw materials to \$8 billion from \$10 billion three years ago, even though the company is assembling one-third more cars now than it did in 1981.

The preference for slim stockpiles has led to an obsession with the concept of turnover — the number of times a company restocks its shelves in a given year. "One increase in an inventory turn can save us several hundred thousand dollars a year," said Harry Loudon, controller of the manufacturing division of Ryan Homes. Ryan turned its inventory 10 times last year. The goal this year is 12 and ultimately 16.

International Harvester Co., fighting to cut losses and complete its comeback from the brink of collapse, used to be satisfied with an

annual turnover of 1.2, or once every nine months. Now the number is closer to 2, or once every six months.

Uncertainty about sales is another deterrent to strong inventory building. There is a nagging feeling that the upbeat reports of the last few months will not last indefinitely.

"I don't know as if the rest of the year will be as strong as January," said Mr. Gailys of Neiman-Marcus, who nevertheless expects a good year.

Some analysts think the more cautious companies may find themselves in for a surprise and get caught with inadequate inventories. Signs of a continuing expansion, they say, are convincing. Shortages are beginning to appear, particularly for such electronic components as circuit boards, capacitors and resistors.

But the confident inventory managers disagree. GE's Mr. Geller said: "There's been a fundamental change. People have figured out how to do this a lot smarter."

Japan Seeks Banks' Aid In Preventing Failures

Reuters

TOKYO — The Bank of Japan has asked several Japanese commercial banks to cooperate to avoid the possibility of a chain of bankruptcies being triggered by the failure of J. Osawa & Co., the central bank said Friday.

Tokyo Commerce & Industry Research Co. said J. Osawa's debts would be about 110 billion yen (\$472 million) if subsidiaries' debts were counted, which would make it Japan's third worst company failure. The research firm charts Japanese business failures, and the Bank of Japan uses its figures to compile bankruptcy statistics.

The Tokyo District Court said Wednesday that J. Osawa, a general trading company dealing mostly in watches, jewelry, cameras, sporting goods and automobile components, had filed an application under Japan's corporate rehabilitation law to be put into the hands of a receiver.

The president of Mamiya Camera Co., which exported most of its products through J. Osawa, has said it too may have to seek court protection from creditors.

The central bank said neither J. Osawa nor Mamiya had main banks, which made it difficult for individual banks with business connections with the two companies to help them out of their financial difficulties.

International Trade and Industry Minister Hikosaburo Okonoji said the ministry would provide low-interest loans from government financial institutions to small

and medium-sized companies that had business relationships with J. Osawa and Mamiya.

Mr. Okonoji said 497 companies in Japan were on the list of J. Osawa's creditors, each owed 500,000 yen or more. He did not name any of the companies.

Mamiya, a maker of cameras for professional use, was formerly 30.1-percent owned by J. Osawa, but the shareholding was sold late last month.

BAe Set to Make Turboprop Plane

International Herald Tribune

LONDON — The government's decision this week to grant £250 million to British Aerospace PLC for the Airbus A-320 airliner project is expected to free the company to finance on its own a new 64-seat turboprop aircraft, according to company officials.

The two-engine plane, known as the ATP, or advanced turboprop airliner, is scheduled to go into service in September 1987. The Pratt & Whitney division of United Technologies Corp. will provide the six-bladed propeller engines.

BAe estimated that the market for such an aircraft would total 800 to 1,000 units by the end of the 1990s. The ATP would be expected to capture at least one-third of that market, BAe said Thursday.

Mitsui & Co. to Import EDC From Saudi Firm

United Press International

TOKYO — The trading company Mitsui & Co. has concluded a long-term contract with Saudi Arabia to import about 100,000 tons a year of ethylene dichloride, or EDC, at lower-than-market prices to be decided quarterly, Mitsui said Friday.

It said the contract was signed Wednesday with Saudi Petrochemical Co., a joint venture of Saudi Arabia Basic Industries Corp. and Shell Oil Co. of the United States. A Mitsui spokesman said the EDC, an intermediate material for production of vinyl chloride resin, would be imported through Pecten Chemicals Inc., a sales subsidiary of Shell.

COMPANY NOTES

Bechtel Corp., the U.S. construction company, said Friday that it had dropped a plan to make an offer to acquire Scott Lithgow, the London-based oil-rig yard. London-based Trafalgar House PLC said that, although its earlier bid had lapsed, it remained interested in acquiring the yard, which is part of state-owned British Shipbuilders. Howard Doris Ltd., a British-French builder of oilfield equipment, also said it was still considering a bid. Nigel Brookes, chairman of Trafalgar, said Thursday he believed his construction and property company had about a 70-percent chance of working out an acceptable agreement to acquire the yard, which has lost two major orders and is threatened with closure.

Dart & Kraft Inc.'s board authorized the repurchase of as many as 5 million shares of the company's common stock. As of Dec. 31, 1983, 54.8 million shares were outstanding. Dart & Kraft is a multinational food, consumer and commercial products company, based in Northbrook, Illinois.

Ex-Cell-O Corp. said on Friday that it has acquired privately held Ace Industries of Santa Fe Springs, California, and will operate it as part of its aerospace division. Terms were not disclosed. Ace, which makes parts for jet engines, has about 400 employees. Ex-Cell-O said.

Flying Tiger Lines has agreed to credit the U.S. Air Force with \$262,494 in overpayments made for flights to the Pacific in 1979 that were not flown, the Air Force said. But the commercial airline was absolved of any charges because an Air Force investigation determined that Flying Tiger was not aware it had been overpaid, the Air Force said.

Hymac Ltd., a subsidiary of IBH Holding AG, the West German company now in receivership, is to be sold to a subsidiary of the South Korean-based Daewoo Industrial Co., the receivers in Britain, Price Waterhouse, said Friday. Completion of the purchase of the business and assets of Hymac, which is based in Rhymney, South Wales, is due to take place at the end of next week, the receivers said.

Interpower AG, a West German financial conglomerate looking for U.S. sites for coal-burning power plants, has proposed to officials in New York a \$450-million project involving three stations in the suburbs near Albany. Interpower said Thursday that each 79.5-megawatt plant would burn coal as the main fuel with garbage also to be used.

Klickner-Werke AG said Friday that it showed a balance-sheet loss of 245 million Deutsche marks (\$94.2 million) in the year that ended Sept. 30, 1983, after a 135-million-DM loss the previous year. The West German steel company gave no operating results, but industry sources said the balance-sheet figure indicated a net loss of 110 million DM. The company posted a total loss of 48 million DM in 1982.

Matra and Regie Nationale des Usines Renault, two state-owned French companies, signed an agreement on computer-aided design and production, according to Matra. A joint holding company will be set up with Renault's Renault Automation unit holding 35 percent and Matra 65 percent.

Otis Elevator Inc. said it has won its largest job, a \$19.6-million contract to provide 235 escalators and 42 elevators for Singapore's new underground railway system. Otis is a subsidiary of United Technologies, headquartered in Hartford, Connecticut.

Polaroid Corp. plans to begin marketing later this year an instant film system featuring integral self-developing black and white and color films for use in the medical, computer and industrial fields.

Public Service Co., prime owner of Seabrook nuclear plant in Manchester, New Hampshire, has released a report putting the cost of

the twin-reactor plant at \$8.8 billion to \$9 billion, nine times its original cost 12 years ago. In 1982 it estimated a cost of \$5.2 billion. The report, by Management Analysis Co., also projects later completion for both reactors and increases in customers' electricity bills of as much as 90 percent once both units are on line in 1990.

RTC Transportation Inc. has placed an order with Fruehauf Corp. for 400 refrigerated trailers of the maximum size permitted throughout the U.S. interstate highway system. The order is valued at \$12 million.

Toyo Kogyo Co. Ltd., maker of Mazda cars, said it and Sumitomo Corp. have bought a combined 30-percent interest in the Colombian automaker, Cia. Colombiana Automotriz SA, which is already assembling Mazda cars and trucks. CCA has established in 1973 as a subsidiary of Fiat SPA of Italy, but Fiat withdrew its capital in 1982.

ENERGY SEARCH ONE N.V.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

The undersigned, authorized thereto by order of the Judge in the Court of first instance in Curaçao, Netherlands Antilles, dated 23rd February 1984, hereby give notice that a General Meeting of Shareholders of Energy Search One N.V. will be held on Monday 2nd April, 1984, at 10 o'clock a.m. local time in one of the rooms of the Curaçao Plaza Hotel in Curaçao, Netherlands Antilles. The Agenda for the said General Meeting of Shareholders has been established as follows:

- 1) Opening of the Meeting by the Chairman designated by the said Judge.
- 2) Dismissal of all Members of the Board of Supervisory Directors and appointment of Members of the Board of Supervisory Directors from the candidates: R. Boulet, E. Fraissinet, W. Hrayssi, T.C. Kryzer, R. LeBlond, S. Pirie, D. Schotanus, R.B. Stobaugh and H.J. Wachtel.
- 3) Adoption of Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss account over 1982.
- 4) Any other business.
- 5) Closure of the Meeting.

In order to exercise their rights at this Meeting, holders of Bearer Shares must establish their ownership of such Shares in a manner satisfactory to the Chairman of the Meeting, Pictet, Holding & Pierson Securities (Curaçao) N.V., having been designated as such by the said Judge. Such ownership may be established by depositing such Shares (or a certificate of deposit of these Shares satisfactory to the said Chairman) at the office of the Chairman at J.B. Corsinweg 6, Curaçao, against written receipt, not later than one hour prior to the beginning of the Meeting and by producing this receipt at the Meeting. Shareholders may be represented at the Meeting by a proxyholder, empowered by letter, telex or telegram.

3rd March, 1984.

Géfinor Finance S.A.
Géfinor Securities S.A.
Rothschild Bank A.C.

INTERNATIONAL POSITIONS

Chief Executive

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Scotland

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ACROSS

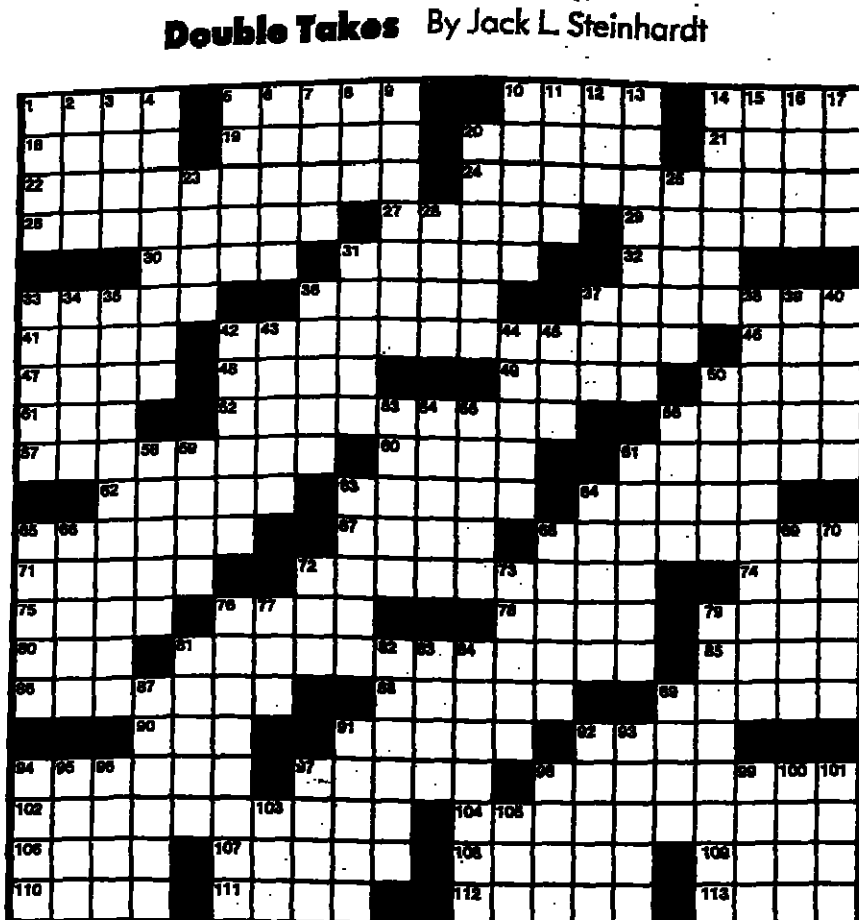
1 Canaanites' deity
5 Son of Jacob and Zilpah
10 Venetian traveler
14 Rolled steel
18 Rounds for a certain fighter
19 Permission
20 Mosquito
21 Transcribe
22 Harlow's inheritance
24 Vessel for carmen
26 Earthworms
27 Decent's relative
28 Moslem decrees
30 Kenny Rogers hit
31 Wisent
32 Dandy
33 Author-columnist Joseph
36 Spy's necessity
37 Lab tube
41 — bene
42 Koussevitzy's crescendos
46 Butter
47 Mideast diplomat
48 Kirghizian range or valley
49 Disgusting person

ACROSS

50 Diva's delight
51 Word of dissent
52 Pygmy power
56 Wolfe's creator
57 Detailed exposition
60 Fillet border
61 Carr's "The — in the Waxworks"
62 Regiment, in Reims
63 Precursor of a reaper
64 Corday's target
65 Sec. of State after Vance
67 Speaker of the diamond
68 Like many a saint
71 Russian workers' collective
72 Vista on a tourist's postcard
74 Mined find
75 — Carlo Menotti
76 Possessor of Mjolnir
78 Itinerary abbr.
79 Star of "Scarface" in 1932
80 "Agnus —"

ACROSS

81 Rubs V.I.P.'s the wrong way
85 Sacred
86 Egyptian bull
86 Actor from Pen Argyl, Pa.
88 His magic helped Prospero
89 Frozen wintry coating
90 Like Leroy Brown
91 Fluffs
92 Together, in music
94 Symphony originally named
97 Greek name for Orcus
98 Hampers
102 Peak pip
104 Pot cover, e.g.
106 Higher-pitched English horn
107 Its capital is St. Etienne
108 Not the others
109 Hebrides island
110 Absolutely not, poetically
111 They can be tight or loose
112 Auricularly appendaged
113 Smaller amount



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DOWN

1 — California
2 Kind of corner
3 Galsworthy's "— of Devon"
4 Individual's request at a bank
5 Cold
6 Rindown
7 Late actor
8 Conductor
9 Impatient
10 Noted Argentine name

DOWN

11 Carpathian river
12 Comedian
Lehr: 1896-1950
13 Ultra-conservative
14 Minor to-do
15 Kind of mouth or speaker
16 Chever
17 Tournament slots
20 Young and Mature
23 Cuff
25 Short riding whips

DOWN

26 Exploits
31 Strung truck or cart
33 In connection with
34 Having rounded projections
35 Remained decorous
36 Box
37 Links org.
38 Acting boy
39 Scouts
39 Cliff slope
40 Emulate
Cabotin

DOWN

43 Heavy silk fabric
43 Molière character
44 Father of Excalibur's
45 Trumpet
46 Deviate
53 Victor or Roger
54 Apollo 15 astronaut
58 Sharon of "Cagney and Lacey"
58 Catalogue
72 Fuddler

DOWN

58 Scania's creator
59 European linden
61 Loving gesture
63 Cordwood measure
64 "Olympia" artist
65 One of the Gabor
66 An archangel
68 Blismuth, e.g.
69 Pyle or Banks
70 Jefferson was one
72 Fuddler

DOWN

73 Montana
76 Fit for harter
77 Timothy produces it
79 Knight's protection
81 Decorate
82 Respectful
83 Fortitude
84 Snappy comeback
87 — dictum
89 Amounts
91 Speaks carelessly

DOWN

92 Developed
93 Threw down the gauntlet
94 Poetic dark hue
95 Agrestic one
96 An Amerind
97 Indemified
98 Former name of Kalinin, U.S.S.R.
99 Cry at Pan's parties
100 Meniscus
101 Mmes.' Latin counterparts
103 Geologic time
105 Eureka!

THE DEATH OF CHE GUEVARA

By Jay Cantor. 577 pp. \$17.95.

Knopf, 201 East 50 Street, New York, N.Y. 10022.

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

It is a bold and ambitious project that Jay Cantor has undertaken in his unusual first novel, "The Death of Che Guevara" — to reconstruct the career of the Argentine-born revolutionary out of historical documents, the overwhelming majority of which the author has invented. But as early as page five of the nearly 600-page story, the narrator — or, more precisely, the intelligence that provides the construction of the narrative — pulls our attention to one of the book's more fundamental problems.

In an introductory section simply titled "Dates," in which there are recorded certain major developments that have occurred between 1927 and 1966 in the worldwide struggle between communism and capitalism, the narrator cites: "1939. The Soviets sign a ten-year nonaggression pact with Germany," and then adds, with what one takes to be a touch of

BOOKS

irony, "(No longer able to locate the hero in this movie, one twists uncomfortably in one's seat.)"

Well, that was a little premature for this reader, who wasn't quite yet getting restless for lack of a hero. But it wasn't more than a couple of hundred pages later that I began to experience the fatal symptoms, not so much for lack of a hero as for anyone or anything to be truly interested in. Certainly it wasn't any of the spear carriers who surround the monumental figure of Guevara — not even Fidel Castro or Régis Debray, both of whom are presented in a somewhat morally ambiguous light, or Che Guevara's parents, who, while extremely interesting, are swept off stage rather early in the going.

As for Che Guevara himself, Cantor, being an obviously sophisticated student of history, has taken great care to lay the psychological foundation for his hero's fanatic revolutionary character. He portrays him as a hysterical asthmatic (perhaps the result, it is said, of an early traumatic desertion by his

mother), as well as the victim of violent Oedipal feelings that have been aggravated by his mother's seductiveness and his father's competitiveness.

Some readers, of course, may find considerable appeal in this portrait of the man who was, after all, the charismatic revolutionary figure of the 1960s, and may follow with sympathy his endless and frustrating struggle to persuade the poor and ignorant of Bolivia that they represent an international revolutionary vanguard whose interests are reflected by Vietnam's so-called struggle against imperialism. There are even touches of comedy in some of the scenes where Guevara tests the blade of his ideology against the stones of ancient Inca superstitions.

But the appeal of Cantor's Guevara is finally a matter of taste and temperament. In a concluding section, also called "Dates," the revolutionary theorist Debray analyzes revolutionary conflict as follows: "It is not individuals who are placed face to face in these battles, but class interests and ideas; but those who fall in them, those who die, are persons, are men. We cannot avoid this contradiction, escape from this pain." Some readers of "The Death of Che Guevara" will be more susceptible to the pain than others.

The documents that form "The Death of Che Guevara" have mostly been invented, they represent the end product of artistic activity, and therefore, instead of inviting us to select and create, they force us to accept them in a comparatively passive state of mind. To put it more bluntly, they impel the mind to wander. One of the places it wanders is to the irresistible conclusion that Cantor has been infected by those novelists as James Joyce and Herman Melville.

"I'm not interested in whales," says Che Guevara in one of the novel's less subtle scenes, when his companion invites him to read "Moby Dick" and Cantor thereby begins the bludgeoning of his readers with comparisons of Guevara to Captain Ahab, as well as to Satan, Jonah and other literary figures. But Cantor is fatally drawn to leviathans, and in the belly of his beast the going gets pretty tedious.

Christopher Lehmann-Haupt is on the staff of The New York Times.

DENNIS THE MENACE



"YOU BETTER BE NICE TO HIM, MR. WILSON. HIS VERY BEST FRIEND IS A POLICE DOG!"

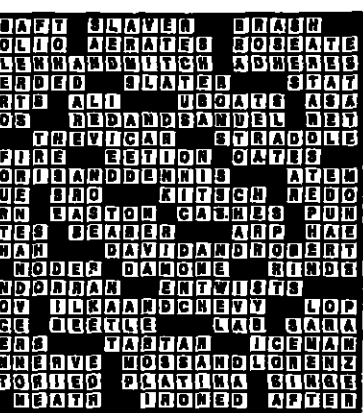
WEATHER

EUROPE				ASIA			
Area	High	Low	Cloud	Area	High	Low	Cloud
Amsterdam	14	10	C	Bangkok	32	28	C
London	12	8	C	Hong Kong	30	26	C
Paris	13	9	C	Manila	31	27	C
Rome	14	10	C	Seoul	30	26	C
Stockholm	11	7	C	Singapore	31	27	C
Warsaw	12	8	C	Tokyo	30	26	C
Zurich	13	9	C				

MIDDLE EAST				LATIN AMERICA			
Area	High	Low	Cloud	Area	High	Low	Cloud
Amman	11	7	C	Buenos Aires	28	24	C
Beirut	12	8	C	Caracas	29	25	C
Jerusalem	13	9	C	La Paz	27	23	C
Tel Aviv	14	10	C	Lima	28	24	C

OCEANIA				NORTH AMERICA			
Area	High	Low	Cloud	Area	High	Low	Cloud
Auckland	12	8	C	Atlanta	14	10	C
Wellington	11	7	C	Chicago	13	9	C
				Denver	12	8	C

Solution to Last Week's Puzzle

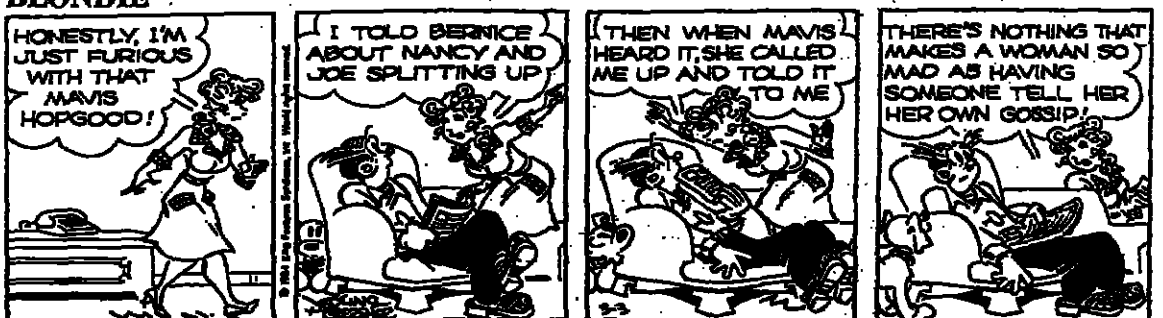


Christopher Lehmann-Haupt is on the staff of The New York Times.

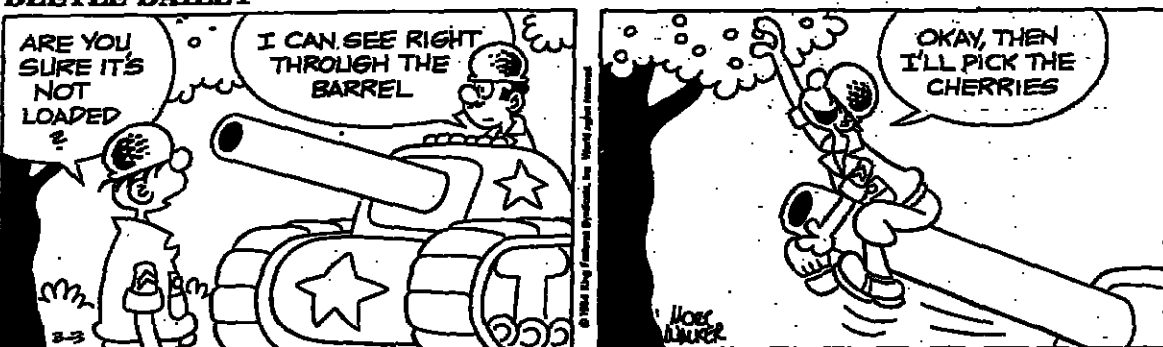
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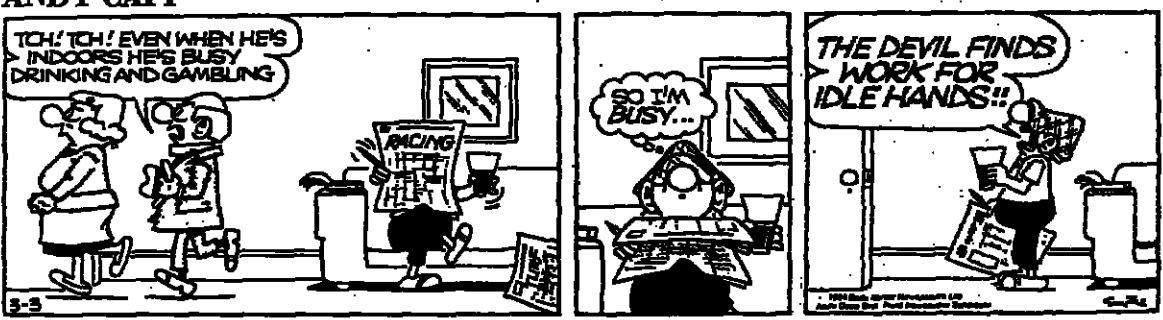
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GARFIELD



Canadian Stock Markets Mar. 2

Toronto				High Low Close Chg			
Area	High	Low	Close	Area	High	Low	Close
Alcan	11.12	11.00	11.00	Alcan	11.12	11.00	11.00
Bell	11.12	11.00	11.00	Bell	11.12	11.00	11.00
Imperial	11.12	11.00	11.00	Imperial	11.12	11.00	11.00
Ontario	11.12	11.00	11.00	Ontario	11.12	11.00	11.00

Amsterdam Mar. 2

Class Prev.				Class Prev.			
Area	High	Low	Close	Area	High	Low	Close
Alcan	11.12	11.00	11.00	Alcan	11.12	11.00	11.00
Bell	11.12	11.00	11.00	Bell	11.12	11.00	11.00
Imperial	11.12	11.00	11.00	Imperial	11.12	11.00	11.00
Ontario	11.12	11.00	11.00	Ontario	11.12	11.00	11.00

Other Markets Mar. 2

Closing Prices in local currencies				Closing Prices in local currencies			
Area	High	Low	Close	Area	High	Low	Close
Alcan	11.12	11.00	11.00	Alcan	11.12	11.00	11.00
Bell	11.12	11.00	11.00	Bell	11.12	11.00	11.00
Imperial	11.12	11.00	11.00	Imperial	11.12	11.00	11.00
Ontario	11.12	11.00	11.00	Ontario	11.12	11.00	11.00

Tokyo Mar. 2

All Ordinaries Index: 724.38				All Ordinaries Index: 724.38			
Area	High	Low	Close	Area	High	Low	Close
Alcan	11.12	11.00	11.00	Alcan	11.12	11.00	11.00
Bell	11.12	11.00	11.00	Bell	11.12	11.00	11.00
Imperial	11.12	11.00	11.00	Imperial	11.12	11.00	11.00
Ontario	11.12	11.00	11.00	Ontario	11.12	11.00	11.00

Soviet '83 Harvest Was 190 Million Tons

MOSCOW — The Soviet grain harvest in 1983 topped 190 million metric tons, the Soviet leader, Konstantin U. Chernenko, said Friday in a speech in the Kremlin.

It was the first time a grain figure has been announced since the harvest of 1980, said to have been 189 million tons. The 1983 figure would be the best since 237 million tons reported in 1978.

West German Jobless NUREMBERG — There were 2.54 million people unemployed in West Germany in February, the same number as in January, the Federal Labor Office said Friday.

SPORTS

China Leading South Korea Historic Davis Cup Match

United Press International
PEKING, China — China took opening-day singles and South Korea on Friday to win a victory of a semi-final in the Eastern Zone of the Davis Cup.

President of the International Tennis Federation, Philippe Chassagnon, has called the South Korea match an historic occasion, "marks the beginning of a new era not only for the Davis Cup, but for the development of sport in Asia."

China and South Korea, which have diplomatic relations, never sent athletes to each other's country, although Chinese South Korean athletes have competed against each other in countries.

China defeated Singapore in its Cup debut last December. Rules required it to hold the round on its territory.

An ITF official had complained earlier this week about China's lack of publicity for the matches in naming a provincial capital 15 kilometers (1,500 miles) southwest of Beijing.

"I asked the Chinese Tennis Association to make possible a better up," said Eiji Kawatani, who is acting as a mediator in the three-elimination round. "There is publicity or posters and natural need some advertising."

The site for the match is the Jining Sports Center, 16 kilometers out of town.

The eight-man South Korean team, which arrived last Saturday in Hong Kong, has been virtually unnoticed, walking the streets in its picturesque southwest city and sitting on the sports center's

sand-clay courts. Their presence in China has not been reported by the state-run press.

South Korean captain Kim Moon-il and his Chinese counterpart Zhang Dahui held their first meeting Wednesday night at the South Koreans' quarters, the secluded Green Lake Hotel.

The Wednesday night meeting was confined to what Kawatani called "routine matters, like what kind of drinks will be served on the court." They agreed on Chinese tea, orange soda and Coca-Cola, he said.

You Wei edged Song Dong-wook, 7-5, 6-1, 4-6, 3-6, 6-3, and Liu Shuhua easily beat Kim Choon-ho, 6-1, 6-2, 6-4, to give China a 2-0 lead in the series, which continues with the doubles Saturday and reverse singles Sunday.

Both You and Song appeared to be nervous, missing easy shots in their two-hour 40-minute match.

The pace did not pick up until the fifth set with You finally clinching victory after four deuces and celebrating by throwing his racket into the air.

Liu dominated his match from the start to give China a comfortable lead.

South Korean manager Kim Moon-il said the indoor clay court was slippery but said there were no excuses for his team's disappointing play.

"We just played poorly," Kim said.

The winner of the best of five-match series will play the winner of the Philippine-Japan series in the Eastern Zone Davis Cup semi-finals May 4-6.

In Fukuoka, Japan, Shozo Shirai overcame Mamed Tolestano, 6-1, 6-1, 6-1, and Tsuyoshi

Fukui beat Virgilio Sison, 6-0, 4-6, 6-3, 7-5, Friday to give Japan a 2-0 lead over the Philippines.

In another Eastern Zone quarter final clash, Thailand took a 2-0 lead over host Hong Kong.

Thailand's top player, Sombat Uamkong, beat Hong Kong's Randall King, 4-6, 8-6, 8-4, 1-6, 6-4, in a match lasting more than three hours. Panomkorn Pladeunnil took overpowered Hong Kong's No. 1 player, Kelvin Ng, 6-8, 6-3, 6-4, 6-4.

Hong Kong beat Taiwan, 3-2, in the first round to advance to the second round for the first time. Thailand had a bye.

The winner will meet the victor of the series between Indonesia and Pakistan, which leads, 2-0.

Sporting Links May Grow

China will take part in international sporting and cultural events in South Korea despite the lack of diplomatic links between the two countries, a Japanese politician said Friday in Tokyo, Reuters reported.

Shinya Totsuka, a ruling Liberal Democratic party member of the lower house of the Diet, said that Ye Fei, vice-chairman of China's parliament, outlined Beijing's plans to him at a meeting in the Chinese capital on Wednesday.

Totsuka, who returned Thursday from his 13th visit to China since 1971, said he also thought China would take part in the 1986 Asian Games and the 1988 Summer Olympics, both of which will take place in Seoul.

He quoted Ye as saying: "China does not have diplomatic ties with South Korea but this does not matter."



Jean-Patrick Lescarboura readies a dropkick against Wales

Scotland Seeks a Triple Crown Irish Game Could End 46 Years of Rugby Frustration

By Bob Donahue

International Herald Tribune
PARIS — Only France, Scotland and England remain in contention for this year's Five Nations rugby title after the first three of the annual round-robin tournament's five rounds. If Saturday's fourth round goes as expected, France will kill England's title hopes in Paris.

In Dublin, to quote from an aggressive whiskey ad, it will be "Irish on the one hand, Scotch on the other." The Irish advertisement goes on to claim victory in a "simple test." More likely in the rugby test is victory for Jim Aiken's Scots — in which event, the title and also the grand slam (a four-match sweep) will be at stake when France plays in Edinburgh on March 17.

The Dublin match has the added interest of offering Scotland its first triple crown — a sweep against three British Isles teams — since 1938. The Scots opened with a 15-9 defeat of Wales in Cardiff on Jan. 21 and beat England, 19-6, in Edinburgh on Feb. 4. After sitting out the third Saturday they are favorites to leave Ireland at the bottom of the standings with four losses.

The so-called triple crown does not exist physically as a trophy but has existed as a competition among the four British Isles rugby communities since the 1880s. It survived as a four-team tournament within the Five Nations tournament after France's arrival on the international scene in 1906.

There have been 16 triple crown winners since World War II: Wales nine times, England four and Ireland three. (France has beaten three British Isles teams in the same season 14 times during that period.) But for Scots, as one of them recently said, it has been "46 years

of seemingly eternal frustration."

Frenchman, looking ahead to a grand slam, are hoping Scotland will win in Dublin and not recover from the celebrating — Irish in one hand, Scotch in the other.

Meanwhile, a feature of this year's play has been the failure of England and Ireland to score tries. Worse, England's backs have managed only one try since March 1982. French backs have amassed 24 tries in the two years.

The goal-kicking of Dusty Hare — who now sets an English career record against major countries with his 20th appearance at fullback — is one English argument. The scrumming of 130-pound prop Phil Blakeaway and the lineout jumping of 6-foot-7 lock Steve Bainbridge are others. Rain, forecast as a possibility in a blustery cold spell, could be another.

But France seems to be on an upward curve. Confidence has grown during an unbeaten streak that started against Australia and Romania in the fall and continued with a 25-12 defeat of Ireland in Paris on Jan. 21 and a 21-16 victory over Wales on Feb. 18. That was France's first success in Cardiff since 1968, but celebrating was restrained by determination to stay fit enough for the grand slam.

Pierre Dospital, a Basque weight-lifting champion, has been brought back to prop against Blakeway. On Thursday the forwards devoted two training sessions almost entirely to lineouts. A common view is that England cannot win unless it starves France of possession. But Wales managed it in Cardiff and lost anyway.

That was largely the doing of 22-year-old Jean-Patrick Lescarboura. His 34 points from kicks in two matches — each time equaling the

French record of 17 in a major international — put him on the way to breaking the record of 32 points in a Five Nations campaign set last year by Ireland's Ollie Campbell.

But the weekend's main attraction will be France's running. Its backs are increasingly seen as the best attacking unit in world rugby — scrumhalf Jérôme Gallion, fly-half Lescarboura, centers Didier Codorniu and Philippe Sella, wings Patrick Eschère and Jacques Bégou and fullback Serge Blanco.

Their try record has been modest lately — two scored at the start against Ireland and only one against Wales — but in both matches they were opted in as captain Jean-Pierre Rives tried to protect a lead and minimize risks in the second half. In Cardiff, especially, they demonstrated in the process that they are an effective defensive unit as well.

Young English fans added an intangible factor to a complex rugby formula when they ransacked in Paris before and after Wednesday night's France-England soccer match. (England lost, 2-0.) Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher called it "appalling." Mayor Jacques Chirac of Paris said Friday he was "fed up with British fans." All this acrimony could increase French ardor and English inhibition in the rugby forwards' battle for possession of the ball Saturday.

Two of world rugby's most popular players will be close to the end of parallel international careers Saturday. Rives and Peter Wheeler, England's hooker and captain, started in the same match, England vs. France at Twickenham in 1975. Rives, 31, does not plan to go on France's tour of New Zealand in June; Wheeler, 35, has declared himself unavailable for England's planned tour of South Africa.

Hoyt Becomes AL's First Million-Dollar Pitcher

SARASOTA, Florida — The Chicago White Sox have made Cy Young Award winner Larry Hoyt the American League's first \$1 million a year pitcher. The team also signed 22-game winner Richard Dotson and Rookie of the Year Ron Kittle.

The signings today show that our owners want to continue to return to the playoffs for years to come," the team's general manager, Roland Hemond, said Thursday.

Hoyt, 29, was 24-10 last season for the Western Division champions, and Dotson, 25, posted a 24-7 mark. Hoyt signed six-year contracts.

Hoyt's deal lifts him above fellow Chicago starter Floyd Bannister, whose six-year deal at an average \$925,000 a season had made him the highest-paid player on the team.

Hoyt's contract calls for three years at \$1 million guaranteed, with three option years. Dotson has four years at \$950,000 guaranteed, with two option years.

Ron Gundry of the New York Yankees was the richest pitcher in the AL, reported to be making \$965,000 annually. His former teammate, reliever Rich Gossage, is believed to be the best-paid pitcher

in the majors after signing a package with the San Diego Padres valued at about \$1.3 million a year.

Kittle, who collected 35 home runs and 100 runs batted in, signed a three-year pact starting at about \$200,000 — which would put him on a par with National League

SPRING TRAINING NOTES

Rookie of the Year Darryl Strawberry, who signed a one-year pact with the New York Mets.

The White Sox also waived reliever Jim Kern for the purpose of giving him his release. Kern suffered a severe elbow injury last year and has not played since.

At his home in Arlington, Texas, Kern said he would continue elbow rehabilitation in hopes of being ready by June of July.

Yankee Manager Yogi Berra has announced his team's lineup for Saturday's exhibition opener in Fort Lauderdale against the visiting Baltimore Orioles, essentially the lineup he plans to employ during the season against left-handed pitchers.

Willie Randolph will be at second base, Ken Griffey in center field, Steve Kemp in left field, Don Baylor as the designated hitter, Lou

Piniella in right field, recent acquisition Toby Harrah at third base. Roy Smalley at first base, Rick Cerone catching and either Andre Robertson or Bobby Meacham at shortstop.

The only other difference between this lineup and the one Berra would use during the season is the presence of Piniella in right field in place of Dave Winfield, who reported to camp only this week.

Berra also said he plans to platoon Graig Nettles with Harrah.

The Los Angeles Dodgers said they had received written notification that a grievance has been filed on behalf of Dusty Baker with the Players Relations Committee.

Baker, a two-time All-Star, was unexpectedly waived by the Dodgers on Feb. 9 after eight years with the club. Baker, 34, had two years remaining on a guaranteed contract worth \$1.4 million.

It was believed the Dodgers were liable to pay off the contract, but the San Francisco Giants claimed the outfielder on waivers, apparently taking the responsibility away from the Dodgers. Baker rebuffed the Giants and claims the Dodgers still owe him the \$1.4 million.

Jack Clark and newly acquired Al Oliver worked out for the first time Thursday at San Francisco's training camp in Scottsdale, Arizona, bringing the squad to full strength for the first time this spring.

Oliver, one of the better hitters in baseball, was impressive in his first turn in the batting cage.

The Giants owe the Montreal Expos another player in the trade that brought Oliver to San Francisco. The club has given the Expos — who already have received pitcher Fred Breining — a choice from

among three players, believed to be outfielder Max Venable and pitchers Mark Calvert and Alan Fowlkes.

Meanwhile, the Expos are still waiting for Breining to arrive at their camp in West Palm Beach, Florida. Outfielder Miguel Dilone reported to the Expos' camp after being delayed by visa difficulties.

At the Detroit Tigers' camp in Lakeland, Florida, Glenn Abbott is savoring the sensation of being with a contender. "I spent so long trying to be positive in spring training but knowing my team wasn't good enough, that it's rejuvenating to be here," said the right-hander of his first spring camp with Detroit.

Abbott, projected as the fifth starter, was obtained by the Tigers late last season after it was apparent Milt Wilcox was going to be put on the disabled list in August.

Shortstop Garry Templeton, hampered the past two seasons by a painful arthritic condition in his left knee, says he feels healthy for the first time since joining San Diego in 1982.

"The people in San Diego haven't seen the real Garry Templeton," Templeton said in Yuma, Arizona, where the Padres are holding their spring training.

"You have to accept the fact that when you are injured, especially with a leg, you can't go as hard as you would like," said Templeton, who was acquired by San Diego from St. Louis in the trade that sent Ozzie Smith to the Cardinals.

Templeton had a career average of .303 when he came to San Diego. But handicapped by his knee injury, Templeton batting average dropped off to .247 in 1982 and .263 in 1983.

(AP, UPI)

SPORTS BRIEFS

Navratilova, Potter Reach Semifinals

NEW YORK (Reuters) — Martina Navratilova experienced early difficulties Thursday night against Carling Bassett of Canada before winning nine straight games to sweep into the semifinals of a women's tennis championship. Navratilova, the top seed, needed only 49 minutes for her 6-3, 6-0 victory.

Unseeded Barbara Potter, who upset seventh-seeded Andrea Temesvari of Hungary in the first round, also reached the semifinals with a 6-1, 6-2 victory over unseeded Kathy Horvath. In the first round Horvath upset fourth-seeded Andrea Jaeger.

Navratilova will meet the winner of Friday's quarterfinal match between third-seeded Pam Shriver and No. 6 Hana Mandlikova of Czechoslovakia. The winner of the other quarterfinal, between second seed Chris Evert Lloyd and unseeded Helena Sukova of Czechoslovakia, will face Potter.

Snead Leads Florida Golf by 1 Shot

CORAL SPRINGS, Florida (UPI) — J.C. Snead shot a 4-under-par 68 over the PGA's new Eagle Trace course Thursday to take a one-stroke lead in the first round of the opening event of the Florida tour.

The tournament was moved from inventory to the par-72, 7,030-yard "stadium course." Jack Renner and Andy Bean were tied for second with 69s. Bunched at 2-under-par 70 were Tom Kite, Jeff Grygield, Joey Sindelar and Tommy Nakajima of Japan.

Gomez to Fight LaPorte for WBC Title

NEW YORK (UPI) — Juan LaPorte will defend his World Boxing Council featherweight title against former WBC super bantamweight champion Wilfredo Gomez on March 31 at San Juan, Puerto Rico, it was announced Thursday.

Austrian Ski Team Shake-Up Urged

VIENNA (UPI) — Karl Schranz, a former world downhill champion, has been proposed as new manager for the Austrian national ski team as a result of Austria's failure to win a gold medal at last month's Winter Olympic Games in Sarajevo, Yugoslavia.

Andreas Steiner, president of the Tyrolean Ski Federation, suggested this week that Schranz should take over as top manager to replace Sepp Sulzberger, who was described as "too weak" by Steiner.

Steiner, heading the largest and most important ski federation in Austria, told a news conference he also wanted downhill coach Karl Kahr to be ousted together with the women's coach Kurt Hoch, who has already offered his resignation. "Both Kahr and Hoch did not fulfill their duties," Steiner said. "Their preparation of our skiers for Sarajevo was inadequate."

Austria, for the first time since 1972, failed to win the men's Olympic downhill title and only managed to salvage one medal from all the Alpine events, a third place finish by Anton Steiner in the men's downhill.



Jerry Martin works out on a two-week tryout at the New York Mets training camp in St. Petersburg, Florida. Martin, 33, spent three months in prison after being convicted last year on a drug charge. The outfielder was suspended for the season, but his case is set for review on May 15.

Veitch Hopes He Has Cure for 2d Place Syndrome

By Andrew Beyer
Washington Post Service
HIALEAH, Florida — It is a sad thing John Veitch is a positive rider. Another man might have an utterly frustrated by the tasks he has faced in his career as a horse trainer.

In 1978, Veitch trained the great Alydar, and had to watch him lose to necks and noses and half-gallop to the slightly greater Affirmed. Alydar earned the dubious distinction of being the best horse to lose all the Triple Crown races.

And now Veitch finds himself in essentially the same situation. He is training a great horse who may be the second-best member of his age group. Dr. Carter would have been a champion in lost other years, but he was born to the same generation as Devil's Bag, who whipped him soundly in their two meetings last fall.

But Veitch has been talking all week as if he is convinced that Dr. Carter will beat Devil's Bag and win the Flamingo Stakes at Hialeah Saturday.

This kind of confidence and endurance have been both a blessing and a curse for Veitch over the years. He developed many top racehorses for Calumet Farm, but he had the tendency to get too ambitious and ask too much of his horses at the wrong time. But it was this same upbeat mental attitude that helped him keep his sanity during the Alydar-Affirmed duels.

"I never gave up the feeling that Alydar would beat that horse," he said. "I was disappointed but never discouraged."

Veitch lost the Calumet job when a new owner took over the farm, fired him and hired his best friend, David Whiteley, as Veitch's replacement. Depressing as those events were, Veitch rebounded and

assembled a strong public stable. When Dr. Carter showed immense ability as a 2-year-old, Veitch was back in the limelight.

He was unfazed by Dr. Carter's losses to the undefeated champion at seven furlongs and one mile. Running longer distances was clearly going to be Dr. Carter's game. Veitch's optimism grew as he watched the gray colt train this winter. "He's a much better horse now than he was at 2," the trainer said. "That's what gives me great hope."

In his first start of the season, Dr. Carter demolished a mediocre group of opponents by 17 lengths in 1 1/4 miles. Now he is ready to unleash that big stretch run in the Flamingo, and Veitch believes that the conditions are ideal for him.

Alydar was frequently hindered in his duels with Affirmed by his stretch-running style; often, Af-

firmed was the only speed horse in a field and could dictate the early pace. But Saturday's race is made to order for a horse with Dr. Carter's style. He is the stretch-runner in a field with two formidable speed horses, Devil's Bag and Time for a Change.

Veitch also thinks that Dr. Carter may have an edge in conditioning over his rival, having had a 1 1/16-mile prep race while Devil's Bag went only seven furlongs in his tune-up for the Flamingo. Since his horse seems to have a lot of advantages in this particular matchup, what would he think and do if Devil's Bag whipped him, anyway?

"It would depend on how convincing the defeat was. If it was a Secretariat-Sham type of defeat, I might go somewhere else. But if it's like Affirmed and Alydar, ..." Veitch is prepared to endure another excruciating 3-year-old campaign.

NHL Standings

WALES CONFERENCE						
	Perrick Division					
	W	L	T	Pts	GF	GA
NY Islanders	40	23	2	82	280	225
NY Rangers	35	22	7	79	259	246
Philadelphia	34	21	10	78	281	229
Pittsburgh	32	25	4	70	253	199
New Jersey	12	45	4	22	184	276
Washington	11	46	4	22	202	317
Adams Division						
Buffalo	48	26	4	84	262	218
Quebec	40	27	4	82	282	215
Montreal	35	27	7	79	295	221
Ottawa	30	36	5	68	248	227
Toronto	22	41	4	48	255	265
CAMPBELL CONFERENCE						
	North Division					
Edmonton	31	29	6	68	284	259
Winnipeg	28	32	7	63	281	248
Calgary	25	34	7	57	263	270
St. Louis	25	35	7	57	239	271
St. Paul	22	35	7	52	240	310
	South Division					
Edmonton	47	15	5	99	374	275
Calgary	29	33	13	71	257	253
Winnipeg	24	36	7	59	264	277
St. Louis	25	35	7	57	239	271
St. Paul	22	35	8	52	240	310
(A-Clubbed playoff berth)						
Thompson's Results						
Calgary's 1981-82 Schedule: 1) (Winnipeg 11), Bears 24), Rochester 20), Bruins 10), Blackhawks 10), Los Angeles 2), Philadelphia 2), Detroit 1), Chicago 1), St. Louis 1), St. Paul 1), Edmonton 1), Vancouver 1), Los Angeles 1), San Jose 1), San Francisco 1), Dallas 1), Phoenix 1), Colorado 1), New Jersey 1), New York 1), Philadelphia 1), Pittsburgh 1), Washington 1), Detroit 1), Chicago 1), St. Louis 1), St. Paul 1), Edmonton 1), Vancouver 1), Los Angeles 1), San Jose 1), San Francisco 1), Dallas 1), Phoenix 1), Colorado 1), New Jersey 1), New York 1), Philadelphia 1), Pittsburgh 1), Washington 1), Detroit 1), Chicago 1), St. Louis 1), St. Paul 1), Edmonton 1), Vancouver 1), Los Angeles 1), San Jose 1), San Francisco 1), Dallas 1), Phoenix 1), Colorado 1), New Jersey 1), New York 1), Philadelphia 1), Pittsburgh 1), Washington 1), Detroit 1), Chicago 1), St. Louis 1), St. Paul 1), Edmonton 1), Vancouver 1), Los Angeles 1), San Jose 1), San Francisco 1), Dallas 1), Phoenix 1), Colorado 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